## The Le Pen of America?

By Lothar Katz

Marine Le Pen likely is the most prominent icon of a political surge that continues to gain momentum across much of the Western world. Having ousted the openly fascist founder—coincidentally, her own father—, she leads the French *Front National*, an ultraconservative political party that made steady progress in recent elections. Some observers even give Le Pen a shot at the French presidency in 2017.

Similar right-wing populist movements emerged elsewhere, such as the British UKIP, Germany's AfD, Poland's PIS, Hungary's Fidesz, and several others. Their common denominator is that they glorify the past and dismiss the present, reject diversity and tout nationalism as the answer to their countries' maladies. Blaming migrants and globalization for their countries' economic and societal worries, they promote harsh bans on both immigration and international trade as a cure-all that will pave the way into a bright future.

Gearing up for this year's race for the presidency, the United States have joined the trend. Donald Trump's emergence as a leading candidate –at this time, THE leading candidate—of the Republican Party should not come as a surprise. The U.S. election system does not give much room for a third political party, so Trump's decision to team up with the right-wing Tea Party was his best option as it allowed him to leverage that faction's support across the Republican followership. Is he the "Le Pen of America"?

To be sure, their messages show plenty of similarities. Borrowing from Le Pen's and others' textbooks, Trump pledged to ban Muslim immigration and "build a wall to Mexico," for example. Their respective promises to "make France / the U.S.A. great again" may be common across much of the political spectrum, but there are plenty more hints that Donald Trump and Marine Le Pen are singing from the same songbook.

But they each do so in their own voice. It is interesting to compare The Donald's style with Marine's. To the outside observer, Candidate Trump seems to thrive on the number of perceived adversaries he manages to insult – within his own party, across the aisle, and everywhere else in the world.

Britain's Prime Minister, David Cameron, called him "divisive, unhelpful and quite simply wrong" after Trump badmouthed British police tactics and commitment. The parliament of the United Kingdom, low and behold the United States' most loyal ally ever, later this month will discuss a petition aimed, on the grounds of an anti-"hate speech" law, at banning Trump from entering the country. Within a few weeks, that petition had received a whopping 570,000 signatures.

Not one to tire easily, the candidate already managed to offend numerous other countries, drawing strong negative comments from top government representatives of places such as France and Mexico, Iran and the United Arab Emirates. Even when he had a point, such in his refusal to refer to Jerusalem as the undivided capital of Israel, he managed to state it in ways that deeply offended that country, historically another U.S. friendly.

In contrast, Le Pen is cautious to avoid overly extreme statements, both on domestic and foreign issues. Her rhetoric aims at reaching concerned conservatives without

alienating them. "Seriously," she said in a recent TV interview when asked about Trump comparisons, "have you ever heard me say something like that?" After all, she can afford to lose a few radicals by packaging her extreme messages with a tamer rhetoric delivery if that means reaching some of the moderates, too.

Ok, so maybe Trump is no Le Pen, or maybe he is Le Pen without the chalk. Either way, The Donald appears to be his own worst enemy when it comes to alienating the rest of the world, friends and foes alike. It is impossible to see anything but damage to America –her business, her reputation, and the support she receives abroad– coming out of this man's behaviors. Accordingly, anyone serious about international business and collaboration must share my hope that the U.S. primaries will reflect that conclusion, too.

My real worries focus on a bigger aspect: I do not believe that all Donald Trump fans are right-wing extremists, no more than I believe that all Le Pen fans or the followers of any other idol of these "fearful conservatives" are.

What makes the populists popular is that they ask valid questions and give simple answers. Unfortunately, not everyone realizes that in our complex world of today, simple answers rarely, if ever, work. Across our countries, we need politicians who can give solid answers rather than merely raise questions, politicians who take the fears, even unwarranted ones, of these substantial population groups seriously *and* come up with strategies that work.

This year and the following one give the people of many of the world's leading economies a new chance to choose their leaders. Let's try to get the ones that are up to the job.

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